

Webinar agenda

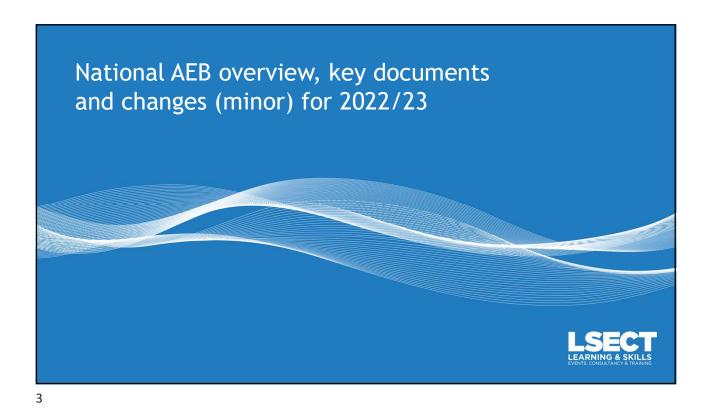
13:00 - 15:30

- 1. National AEB overview, key documents and changes (minor) for 2022/23
- 2. National funding eligibility and evidence
- 3. Level 3 free courses for jobs and digital entitlement
- 4. Full-funding legal entitlements and local flexibilities
- 5. Funding formula and rates for full and co-funding (incl. Single Activity Matrix)
- 6. ESOL key difference
- 7. Using the 'Find a learning aim' system
- 8. Creating an AEB course dynamic funding profiler
- 9. Key ILR issues and related tools in 2022/23 (incl ESFA portals and FIS)
- 10. Funding audit for AEB and the use of the PDSATs
- 11. Future of national AEB and current consultation

All slides, a recording of this webinar and the calculator will be sent to attendees

Warning

Technical training



AEB overview

ESFA for 2022/23: "ESFA funded AEB aims to engage adults and provide the skills and learning they need to progress into, or within, work; or equip them for an apprenticeship or other learning. It enables more flexible tailored programmes of learning to be made available, which may or may not require a qualification, to help eligible learners engage in learning, build confidence, and/or enhance their wellbeing."

- > ESFA allocate around £1.3bn every year to providers
- > Devolved authority areas allocate around £700m every year
- > Grant funded providers (typically colleges and LAs) do not tender
- > Contract funded providers (typically ITPs) tender sometimes referred to as 'procured AEB'

AEB purpose

In past DfE said AEB provision fits broadly four categories:

1. Legal entitlements

- > English and maths GCSE and functional skills up to Level 2 (including as part of a traineeship), for those aged 19 and over who have not achieved a GCSE grade 4-9
- > Provision to support progression up to a first full Level 2, or a first full Level 2, for those aged 19 to 23
- > First full Level 3 for those aged 19 to 23, 'Level 3 free courses for jobs' and Essential Digital Skills Qualifications
- 2. Skills provision for unemployed (incl. SWAPs)
- 3. Traineeships (now outside AEB for ITPs)
- 4. Community learning for learners furthest from learning or employment (now outside AEB for ITPs)

Could you label all your AEB provision this way?

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Who decides the AEB course priorities?

2019/20 rules

 Providers must respond to the priorities set by local commissioners and other stakeholders, for example, local enterprise partnerships and their <u>Skills Advisory</u> Panels.

2020/21 and 2021/22 rules

Providers must have due regard to the skills analysis and priorities of Local Enterprise Partnership(s) and their Skills Advisory Panels.

2022/23 rules

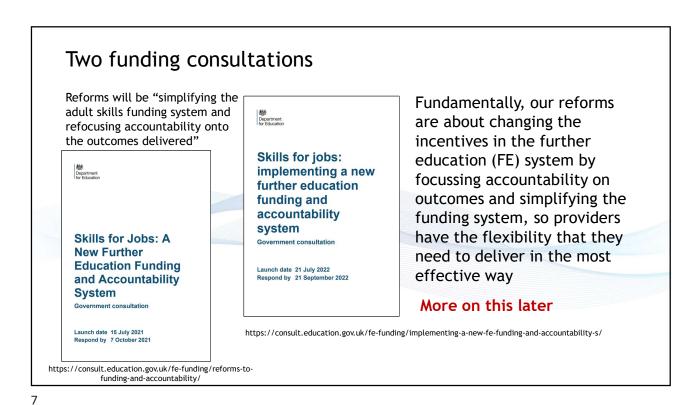
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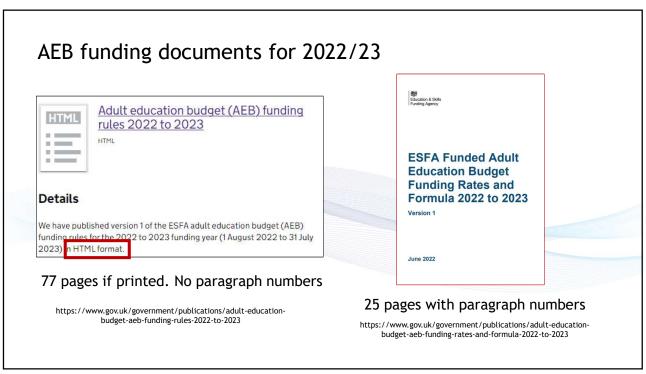
Where there is an approved local skills improvement plan for the specified area, the relevant provider must consider that plan when making decisions about English-funded post-16 technical education or training.

Employer representative bodies (ERB):

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/designated-employer-representative-bodies/notice-of-designated-employer-representative-bodies

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022





As advertised, very little change for this year

Changes to the funding system from the 2021 to 2022 funding year

- We have removed references to High value courses for school and college leavers: a one-year offer for 18 and 19-year-olds, as you were required to complete delivery on these courses by 31 March 2022 in the 2021 to 2022 funding year.
- 8. There are no further major changes to the funding system for the 2022 to 2023 year.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rates-and-formula-2022-to-2023, which is a substraction of the contraction of the con

But a bit more detail on amendments to funding rules (see next slides)

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Funding rule summary of changes (1 of 3)

Summary of main changes since funding rules 2021 to 2022

We have highlighted the main changes made in this document compared to the final version we published for 2021 to 2022 in the table below.

Please note this is not an exhaustive list of all changes. You must refer to the main document for the definitive rules, which apply to all providers of education and training who receive funding from the Secretary of State for Education acting through ESFA.

If you have a specific query on the funding rules, please use the enquiry form or speak to your provider management manager/advisor.

Section	Change
Devolution of adult education functions and who we fund	Paragraphs relating to continuing learners in relation to the High value courses for school and college leavers: a one-year skills offer for 18- and 19-year-olds have been removed as the offer has now finished.
Local skills improvement plans	Paragraph added re local skills improvement plans.
Mainstreaming of Covid-19 policies	Mainstreaming of coronavirus policies - Removal of 'response to coronavirus (COVID-19)' section. Amendments to the 'support funding' section.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-fu

Funding rule summary of changes (2 of 3)

Residency Eligibility	UK nationals and other persons with right of abode updated for clarification.			
Residency Eligibility	Individuals with certain types of immigration status and their family members – have added the following to the list -			
	Ukraine Family Scheme.			
	Ukraine Sponsorship Scheme (Homes for Ukraine).			
	British Nationals evacuated from Afghanistan under			
	Operation Pitting.			
	British Nationals evacuated from Afghanistan by UK			
	government before 6 January 2022.			
Residency Eligibility	Residency eligibility section has been updated for			
	clarification and to reflect the EU exit. The key additional paragraphs relate to:			
	Family members of EU nationals covered by the Withdrawal Agreement.			
	Family members of people of Northern Ireland.			
	Joining family members under EUSS.			
	Late applications to EUSS.			
	Irish citizens residing in the EEA or Switzerland by 31			
	December 2020.			
Contracting	Staying on the Register of Training Organisations information			
	box updated to sign post providers directly to the new			
	subcontracting standard.			

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-t

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Funding rule summary of changes (3 of 3)

Government contribution tables	No policy changes but simplified for clarity. We have changed the heading to 'government contribution charts'. We have also included an annex C that shows the text to support the charts.
Unemployment thresholds	We have increased the administrative earnings thresholds in line with DWP changes.
High Value Courses	The offer has now finished so associated rules have been removed including continuing learners.
Heavy goods vehicle (HGV) driver training	The information box has been updated - this was a one year offer for 2021 to 2022 which has now been extended for the 2022 to 2023 academic year.
Level 3 free courses for jobs	Updated to reflect name change from National Skills Fund – Level 3 adult offer to level 3 free courses for jobs.
Free courses for jobs	References to 1 April 2021 have been removed. We have replaced this by explaining that learners cannot be funded via FCFJ if they have already achieved a qualification that was funded via FCFJ.
ESOL ESOL section has been strengthened to confirm that fully fund individuals aged 19 and over on the day the their ESOL learning aim where they meet the definit unemoloyed or where learners who are employed m wage threshold; there are no changes to the provision available.	
Community Learning	Paragraph added in the information box to emphasise the importance of learners progressing to new and more stretching provision. Further clarification of how providers can claim for learning and learner support through the funding claim.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-to-2022-t

AEB increasingly devolved

AEB devolved areas set allocations, rules and audit



https://www.gov.uk/guidance/adult-education-budget-aeb-devolution

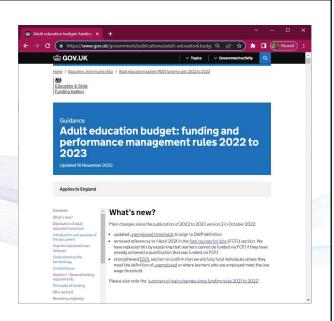
But we are only covering national AEB today (ESFA funded)

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Web-based funding rules

This document sets out the ESFA AEB funding rules for the 2022 to 2023 funding year (1 August 2022 to 31 July 2023). These rules contain conditions of funding (in accordance with section 101 of the Apprenticeships Skills Children and Learning Act 2009 and section 16 of the Education Act 2002) and apply to all providers who receive ESFA funded AEB from the Secretary of State for Education acting through the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA).



https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023

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Home & delivery postcode and residency eligibility

Individuals will be eligible for ESFA funded AEB if they meet the criteria in the 'who we fund' section, the learning is taking place in England, and they fulfil the residency requirements set out in one or more of the categories below.

We will fund

- individuals resident in areas of England outside of devolved authority areas undertaking ESFA funded AEB
- continuing learners who are resident in devolved authority areas, who have not completed their learning by 31 July 2022, but started their learning before the authorities' devolution date with providers who have an Education and Skills Funding agreement (grant) only
- learners resident in England, including those resident in a devolved authority area, undertaking a 19 to 24 traineeship programme

Identify an eligibility lead at the provider to make the final decision and liaise with Home Office where needed

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023-to-

Evidence requirements

Evidence

achieving

Evidence Pack

Confirmation and signatures Starting, participating and

Leaving learning

Individualised learner record (ILR)

Self-declarations by learners

"The evidence pack must contain evidence to support the funding claimed and must be available to us if we need it."

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023#evidence-pack

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Level 3 free courses for jobs offer

As part of the Lifetime Skills Guarantee, a targeted level 3 adult offer has been developed to support adults without an existing full level 3 qualification and, from 1 April 2022, adults who meet the definition of 'low wage' or 'unemployed'. This offer is also known as the free courses for jobs offer.

The offer includes:

- level 3 qualifications which will support the development of new skills for adult
 learners and improve the prospects of eligible adults in the labour market. In
 particular, eligible adults aged 24+ can now access fully-funded level 3 provision
 from the list of level 3 free courses for jobs qualifications available via the DfE list of qualifications approved for funding
- additional level 3 qualifications for 19 to 23-year-olds that are not included in the legal entitlements
- support funding
- the ability for eligible learners to take one short qualification (identified by category code 49) without exhausting their eligibility. We expect this flexibility to be used where a learner could benefit from a more substantial qualification once they have completed a short qualification

No firstness requirement for unemployed and low wage

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/free

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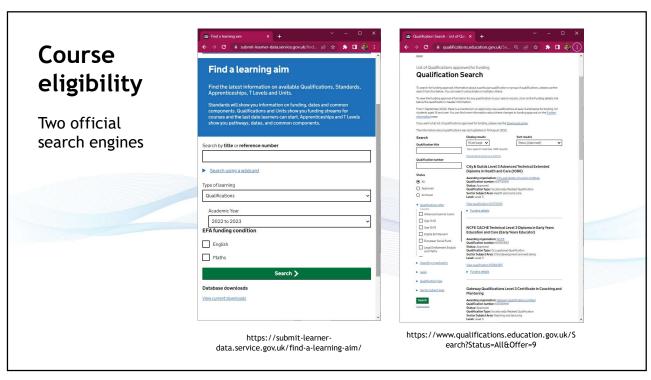
Level 3 free courses for jobs offer - funding uplift

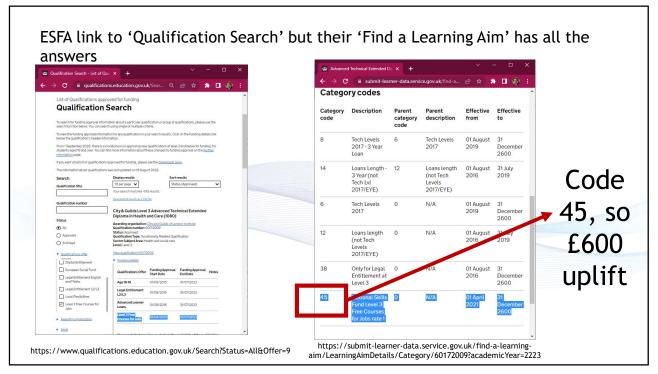
- 62. We are offering additional funding through Free Courses for Jobs for adults on their first level 3 qualification (as well as learners who have completed a designated short course through Free Courses for Jobs since April 2021) as defined in the ESFA funded adult education budget funding rules. From April 2022 this offer has also been available for adults who are unemployed or earning low wages (below the national living wage), even if they hold a full Level 3 qualification or higher. We will fund this learning like we fund other AEB delivery, with the following exceptions:
 - learners eligible for this offer can be fully funded; we have changed the validation rules to allow this, for learners who are not already eligible for full-funding
 - we will increase the weighted rate by £600 for eligible aims in <u>category code 45</u> ('National Skills Fund Level 3 Adult Offer rate 1') or by £150 for eligible aims in <u>category code 46</u> ('National Skills Fund Level 3 Adult Offer rate 2')
 - category code 46 ('National Skills Fund Level 3 Adult Offer rate 2')

 we will increase the £150 or £600 by the area cost uplift and/or disadvantag

 uplift if applicable to that learning aim
 - to calculate learner-level capping over the 2022 to 2023 funding year, we use the unweighted rates without the £150 or £600 increase
- 63. Learners aged 23 or younger (based on their age on the day they start the qualification) taking their first level 3 qualification (as well those who have completed a designated short course through Free Courses for Jobs since April 2021) utilising Free Courses for Jobs will be funded through your procured or non-procured ESFA adult education budget funding lines.
- 64. Learners aged 24+ (based on their age on the day they start the qualification) taking their first level 3 qualification (as well as those who have completed a designated short course through Free Courses for Jobs since April 2021) utilising Free Courses for Jobs will be funded through your procured or non-procured National Skills Fund funding lines.
- 65. You should use the Learning Delivery Monitoring (LDM) code 378 (Adult Level 3 offer) in the ILR to indicate your learning aims that are eligible within this offer.
- 66. You must also use LDM code 382 when recording learners who meet the low wage eligibility. Devolved authorities can also set their own wage threshold (below which adults with an existing Level 3 can access Free Courses for Jobs).
- 67. Devolved Authorities have some limited flexibility to use their National Skills Fund allocation to fund, for their residents, additional qualifications which are not part of the national offer. The devolved authorities are responsible for notifying you about any qualifications where this flexibility applies. For these qualifications, the funding calculation will not increase the weighted rate by £150 or £600.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rates-and-formula-2022-to-2023





Digital entitlement

We will fully fund individuals aged 19 or older and assessed at below level 1, including individuals who are employed, as part of their legal entitlement on the day they start the following qualification: Essential Digital Skills qualification (EDSQ up to and including

We will fully fund non-regulated learning for learners, including those assessed at preentry level with significant learning difficulties and/or disabilities as part of a personalised learning programme, where assessment has identified the learner cannot undertake provision identified in the paragraph above. This provision must be aligned with the <u>national standards for essential digital skills</u> and must not be a non-regulated version of a regulated qualification (see rules for <u>non-regulated learning</u>).

- carry out an initial assessment using current assessment tools based on the national standards for essential digital skills
- carry out an appropriate diagnostic assessment to inform and structure a learner's learner file to use as a basis for a programme of study
- enrol the learner on a level above that at which they were assessed and be able to provide evidence of this
- deliver ongoing assessment to support learning

The assessments must place a learner's current skills levels within the level descriptors used for the RQF.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/digital-qualifications-evaluationprogress/essential-digital-skills-qualifications-progress-so-far

Evaluation progress

The status, as at 11 October 2022, of each of the qualifications that awarding organisations have notified Ofqual they are developing is as follows.

Organisation	Entry Level	Level1
Ascentis	5	5
BCS: for life [footnote 1]	3	3
BCS: for work [footnote 1]	5	5
City & Guilds	Submissions withdrawn	Submissions withdrawn
Gateway	5	5
Highfield	3	3
NCFE	5	5
NOCN	5	5
OCN London: daily life [footnote 1]	5	5
OCN London: work life [footnote 1]	3	3
OCR	Submissions withdrawn	Submissions withdrawn
Open Awards	3	3
Pearson	5	5
The Learning Machine	5	5

- Currently undergoing technical evaluation by Ofqual
 Has been through technical evaluation by Ofqual and is back with awarding organisation
- 4. Resubmitted to Ofqual and undergoing technical evaluation
- 5. Has completed Ofqual process of technical evaluation

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Legal entitlements

"If an individual meets the legal entitlement eligibility criteria, you must not charge them any course fees"

"Eligible learners
exercising their legal
entitlement must be
enrolled on qualifications
that DfE has approved for
funding through the
relevant entitlement"

ESFA funded AEB includes support for 4 legal entitlements to full funding for eligible adult learners.

Note: The legal entitlements for level 2 and level 3 follow the definition of fullness in the <u>full level 2</u> and <u>full level 3</u> sections respectively. A learner can only be fully funded for one vocational qualification from the entitlement qualifications list when exercising their legal entitlement. Appropriate information, advice and guidance should be given to a learner and the learner should be made aware of their entitlement rights and progression routes on completing an entitlement qualification.

These entitlements are set out in the <u>Apprenticeships</u>, <u>Skills and Children</u> <u>Learning Act 2009</u>, and enable eligible learners to be fully funded for the following qualifications:

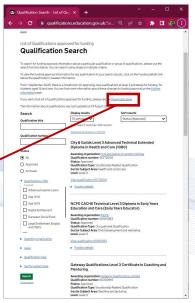
- English and maths, up to and including level 2, for individuals aged 19 and over, who have not previously attained a GCSE grade 4 (C), or higher, and/or
- · first full qualification at level 2 for individuals aged 19 to 23, and/or
- first full qualification at level 3 for individuals aged 19 to 23
- essential digital skills qualifications, up to and including level 1, for individuals aged 19 and over, who have digital skills assessed at below level 1

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/adult

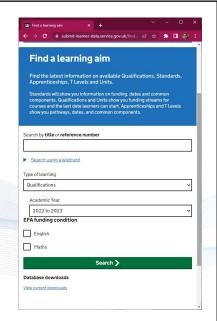
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Finding the legal entitlement qualifications

Try downloading the spreadsheet. But 'Find a learning aim' is always the most correct list, as it's used by the funding software



https://www.qualifications.education.gov.uk/Search?Status=All&Offer=9



https://submit-learner-data.service.gov.uk/find-a-learning-aim/

Local flexibilities

Basically means, for the right reasons, you can deliver courses without a qualification (non-regulated) ESFA funded AEB also supports delivery of flexible tailored provision for adults, including qualifications and components of these and/or non-regulated learning, up to level 2 – we call this 'local flexibility'.

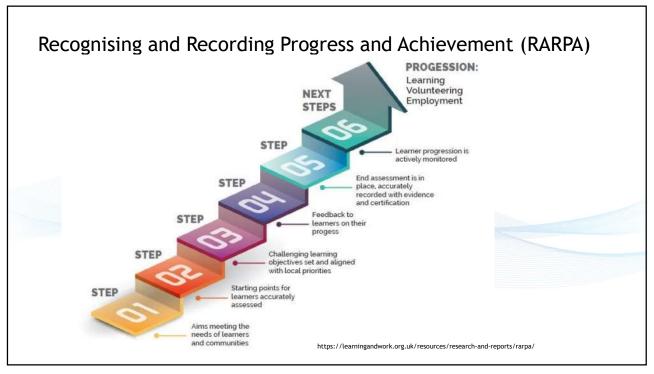
Local flexibility provision either is fully or co-funded, depending on the learner's age, prior attainment and circumstances. Please refer to the 'level of government contribution' chart1 and chart2 and the sections below up to and including Learners with an education, health and care (EHC) plan for learner eligibility. Where appropriate for the learner, you can deliver local flexibility provision alongside a legal entitlement qualification.

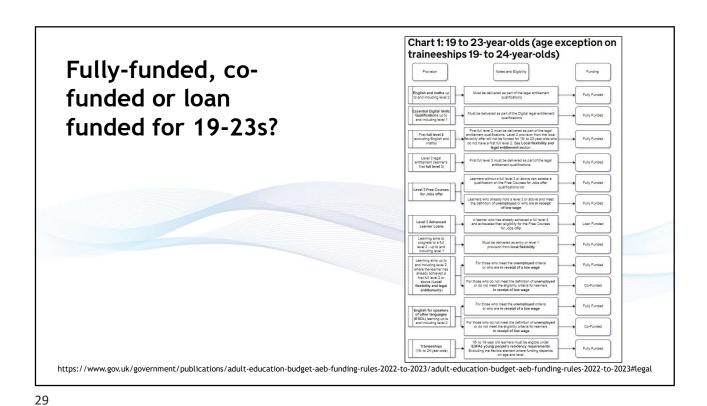
"Learners aged 19 to 23 progressing towards their first full level 2, must undertake learning at entry and/or level 1 only from local flexibility."

So most of the local flexibility provision tends to be at level 1 and below

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023#flexibility

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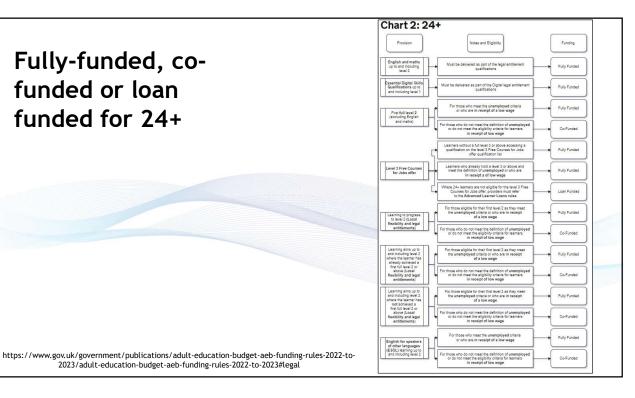


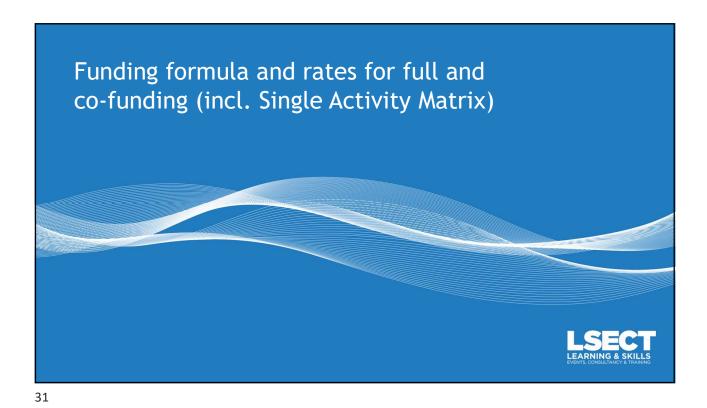


Fully-funded, co-

funded or loan funded for 24+

2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023#legal





The funding formula & rates

"This document sets out the principles and features of our funding system for the 2022 to 2023 funding year (1 August to 31 July) for ESFA-funded adult education budget (AEB) delivery and 16 to 18 Traineeships. We may make changes to these principles and features during the funding year."

"There are no further major changes to the funding system for the 2022 to 2023 year."

Education & Skills Funding Agency

ESFA Funded Adult Education Budget Funding Rates and Formula 2022 to 2023

Version '

June 2022

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rates-and-formula-2022-to-2023

AEB fully funded formula

The base rate and programme weighting form part of a larger formula



PW = Set for each aim based on the Sector Subject Area assigned to the aim. They are A (1), B (1.12), C (1.3), D (1.6) and E (1.72)

DU = Based on learner's home postcode. If in one of the 27% most deprived areas (based on IMD 2019 in 22/23) then the DU is between 1.084 and 1.336

ACU = Based on delivery location, this is a South East weighting which rises the closer the delivery to central London (1.2 max)

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The base rate for the relevant learning aim comes via single activity matrix (SAM)

Funding bands - hours	Туре	Base rate (1 PW)	Low rate (1.12 PW)	Medium rate (1.3 PW)	High rate (1.6 PW)	Specialist rate (1.72)*
Up to 2		£14	£16	£18	£22	£24
3 to 4	Very small	£21	£24	£27	£27	£36
5 to 6		£35	£39	£46	£46	£60
7 to 12		£50	£56	£65	£80	£86
13 to 20	Small	£100	£112	£130	£160	£172
21 to 44		£150	£168	£195	£240	£258
45 to 68		£300	£336	£390	£480	£516
69 to 92	Medium	£450	£504	£585	£720	£774
93 to 100		£600	£672	£780	£960	£1,032
101 to 196		£724	£811	£941	£1,159	£1,246
197 to 292	Large	£1,265	£1,417	£1,645	£2,025	£2,176
293 to 388		£1,987	£2,225	£2,583	£3,179	£3,417
389 to 580		£2,573	£2,882	£3,345	£4,117	£4,425
581 to 1060	Very large	£4,170	£4,670	£5,421	£6,671	£7,172
1061 or more		£6,602	£7,395	£8,583	£10,564	£11,356

Other funding rates

Qualification type	PW A Base (unweight ed)	PW B Low	PW C Medium	PW D High	PW E or G Specialist ²
GCE AS-level	£724	£811	£941	£1,159	-
GCE A-level	£1,987	£2,225	£2,583	£3,179	-
GCSE	£724	£811	£941	£1,159	12
GCSE short course	£300	£336	£390	£480	
Functional skills in English	£724	-) =-	-	1-
Functional skills in entry level maths	-	-	£941	-	
Functional skills in IT	-	£336	72	9	
Access to Higher Education	£3,022	£3,384	£3,928	£4,835	£5,197

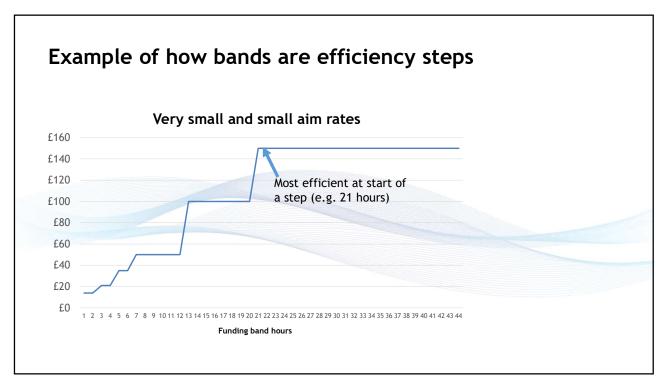
BUT ALWAYS CHECK THE 'FIND A LEARNING AIM' SEARCH

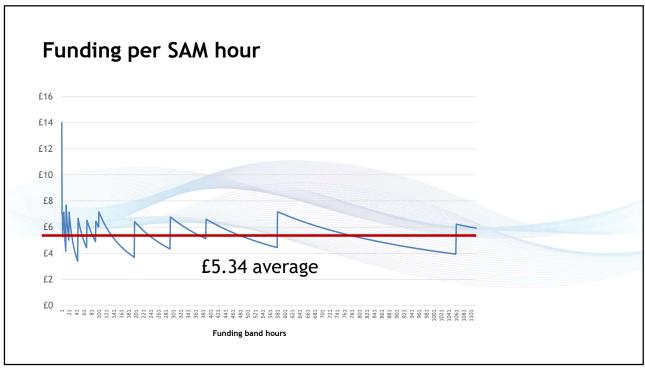
The single work-placement and work-preparation rate for traineeships of £1500 (plus £1000 employer incentive)

Annual funding cap of £4,400 for each learner each year, before weightings

Learning Support a fixed monthly rate of £150

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SAM high and low efficiency points

Funding band hours	Rate	Bottom of band per hour £	Top of band per hour £	Value of extra hour at boundary	
Up to 2	£14	£14.00	£7.00	£7	
3 to 4	£21	£7.00	£5.25	£14	
5 to 6	£35	£7.00	£5.83	£15	
7 to 12	£50	£7.14	£4.17	£50	
13 to 20	£100	£7.69	£5.00	£50	
21 to 44	£150	£7.14	£3.41	£150	
45 to 68	£300	£6.67	£4.41	£150	
69 to 92	£450	£6.52	£4.89	£150	
93 to 100	£600	£6.45	£6.00	£124	
101 to 196	£724	£7.17	£3.69	£541	
197 to 292	£1,265	£6.42	£4.33	£722	
293 to 388	£1,987	£6.78	£5.12	£586	
389 to 580	£2,573	£6.61	£4.44	£1,597	
581 to 1060	£4,170	£7.18	£3.93	£2,432	
1061 or more	£6,602	£6.22	-	-	

AEB co-funded formula

Funding is reduced by half the unweighted base rate



The co-funded amount deducted from funding is half the value listed for that learning aim on LARS/FALA

So if you choose to set fees on this level, it is the same for that base rate for all learners across England

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Qualifying period for funding

An learning aim will only be counted if it is funded, and will only be funded if it is eligible AND passes the qualifying period

The length of the learning aim is defined by the calendar days (including weeks) between the start date and the end date in the ILR

Length of learning aim	Qualifying period	
168 days (24 weeks)	42 days (6 weeks)	
14 to 167 days (2 - 24 weeks)	14 days (2 weeks)	
Fewer than 14 days (under 2 weeks)	1 day (1 attendance)	

If a learning aim has and actual end date before the qualifying period and is an early completer then the aim is counted and all of the funding is earned

If a learning aim has and actual end date before the qualifying period and is not completed then the aim is not counted and no funding is earned

Monthly funding instalments

Funding for each learning aim is paid in monthly instalments according to the start and end dates in the ILR, based on a standard formula

On programme payments are 80% of the weighted co- or full-funding and paid monthly (with double in month one). This is paid for the months before their actual end date.

Achievement payment for remaining 20% paid in the month of the actual end date where the aim is fully achieved

For example, a 9 month learning aim with weighted funding of £1000 would be paid across 10 instalments as follows:



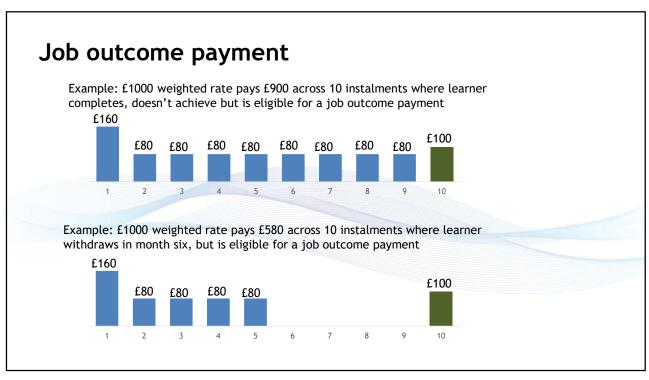
41

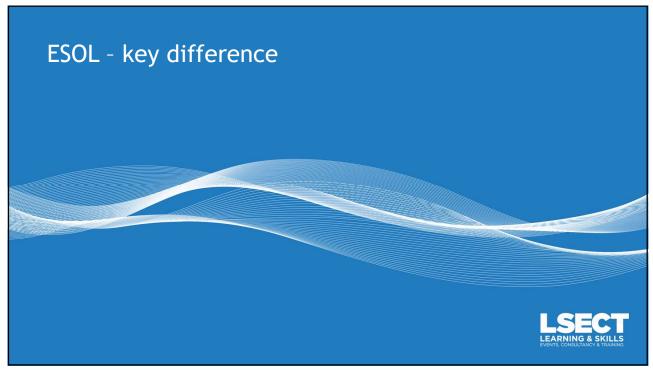
Job outcome payments

For fully funded learners who are unemployed (including traineeships), we will pay 50% of the achievement payment if they start a job before achieving the learning aim. If the learner then achieves the learning aim, we will pay the remaining achievement payment. The following conditions apply:

- the learner must provide you with evidence through a declaration, that they have a
 job for at least 16 hours or more a week for 4 consecutive weeks
- where the learner was claiming benefits relating to unemployment, they must also declare that they have stopped claiming these

Learning delivery employment outcome code 1 or 2 in the ILR to claim the payment, and enrolment would be excluded from achievement rates





English for speakers of other languages (ESOL)

We will fully fund individuals aged 19 and over on the day they start their ESOL learning aim where they are unemployed.

We will co-fund all other individuals aged 19 and over on the day they start their ESOL learning aim. Where learners are employed, the $\underline{low wage flexibility}$ may apply.

We will fund ESOL learning up to and including level 2.

Providers offering ESOL qualifications may need to deliver additional learning to individual learners that incurs additional cost above the qualification rate. You can access information on how to do this in the <u>AEB funding rates and formula 2022 to</u> 2023.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023/adult-education-budget-aeb-funding-rules-2022-to-2023#speak

The key steps for claiming top-up for an ESOL qualification that is planned to be delivered in 60 hours are:

- identify the original funding band of the ESOL qualification. For example, if we fund the qualification at £150, this equates to the '21 to 44' hours funding band in the SAM
- calculate the additional hours. This is the 60 planned hours minus the maximum GLH value of the ESOL qualification's funding band from the SAM. In this example, the maximum GLH from the '21 to 44' hours band is 44, therefore the additional hours you need to record in the ILR are 60 minus 44 = 16
- the funding calculation automatically assigns the additional hours recorded on the ILR to the SAM to allocate a funding band, which then generates a top-up rate. The 16 additional hours equates to the '13 to 20' hours funding band. The '13 to 20' hours funding band generates £100 for the top up (all ESOL aims have programme weighting A)
- the overall rate is then the original rate (£150) plus the top up amount (£100) which is £250

 $https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/1081221/Funding_rates_and_formula_2022_to_2023_v0.2_003_.pdf$

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ILR specification: 2022 to 2023

Additional Delivery Hours: Field

Definition

The number of additional guided learning hours required for the learning aim.

Reason required

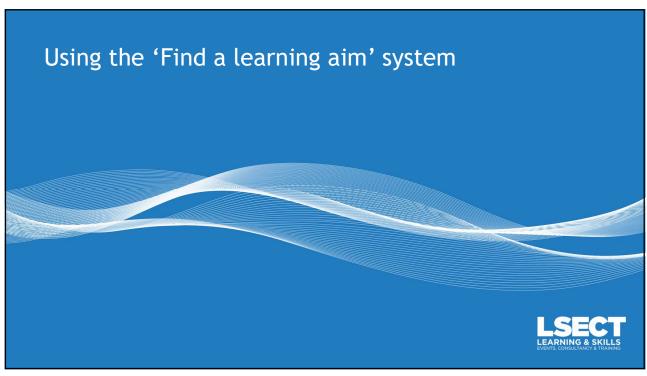
To enable funding to be calculated.

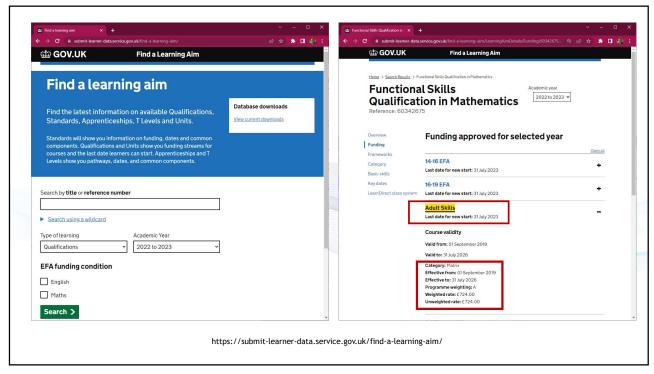
Schema definitions

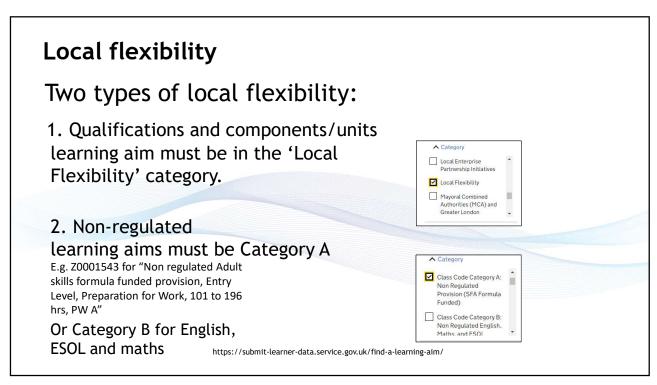
XML Element Name	AddHours	
Field length	4	
Data type	xs:int	
Minimum occurrences	0	
Maximum occurrences	1	
Part of	<u>LearningDelivery</u>	

- Additional delivery hours should be recorded to the nearest whole hour.
- This field should only be returned for ESOL unit or qualification aims that start on or after 1 August 2015. It must not be recorded for non-regulated ESOL since.
- This field should only be used to record additional guided learning hours that have been delivered for ESOL units or qualifications where a learner needs additional learning to that funded through the Adult Skills funding model or ESF funding model.
- The hours recorded are for the entire duration of the learning aim, not just the current teaching year. This field should be updated if required at the end of the learning aim with the actual hours delivered.
- Please refer to the Provider Support Manual for further details of how to calculate the additional delivery hours.

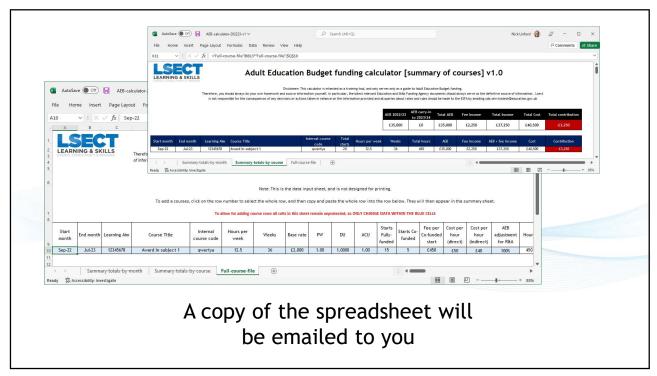
https://guidance.submit-learner-data.service.gov.uk/22-23/ilr/entity/LearningDelivery/field/AddHours





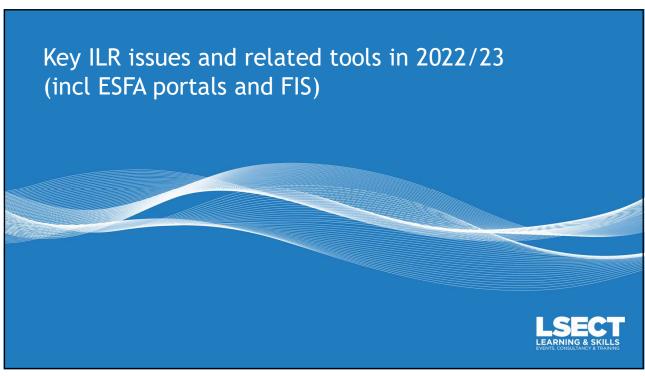


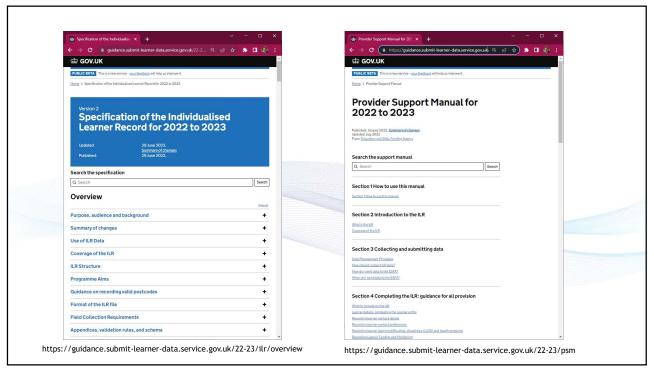




Key planning factors to remember

- > It is a per enrolment funding system (so larger classes usually mean more efficiency)
- In-year funding methodology (such as disadvantage uplift) makes for fair income and expenditure models, but use averages when planning
- > Not every enrolment will be funded as a start and not every start will complete or achieve
- > Curriculum plans need monitoring and adjustment within academic and ESFA financial year constraints





Version 1 changes

Entity: Learner Contact Preference

Fields: Contact preference type, Contact preference code Type of change: Revision

Details of change: Valid to date of 31 July 2022 has been added to the following

Preferred method of contact

- · PMC4
- · PMC5
- · PMC6

Restricted Use Indicator

- RUI 6
- RUI7

https://guidance.submit-learner-data.service.gov.uk/22-23/ilr/summaryofchanges

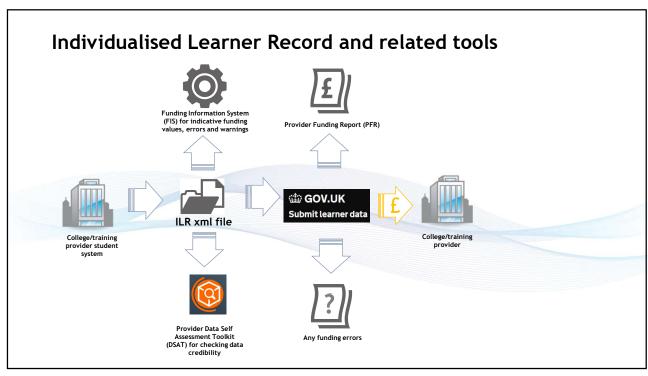
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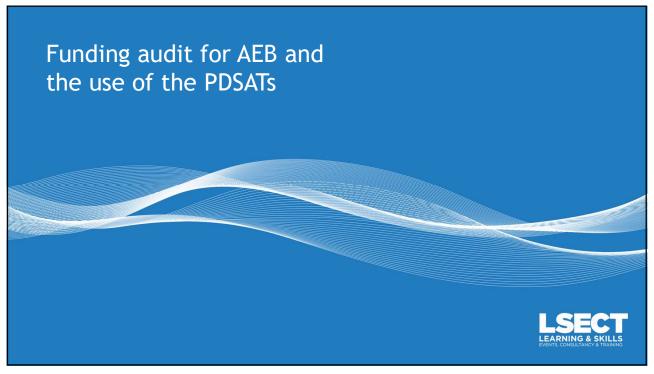
Key ILR fields used by funding software

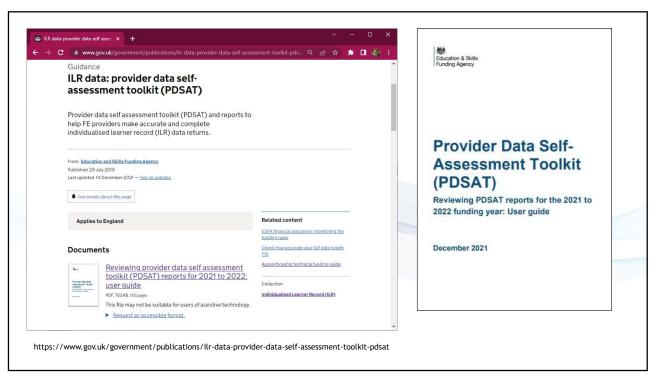
- > Funding model
- > Learning aim
- > Start date
- > Planned and actual end date
- > Completion status
- > Outcome

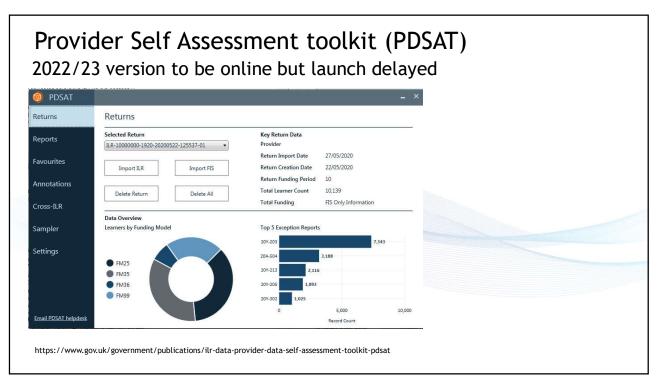
Also employment status (ESF match issues)

And how important will the Destination and Progression records become?

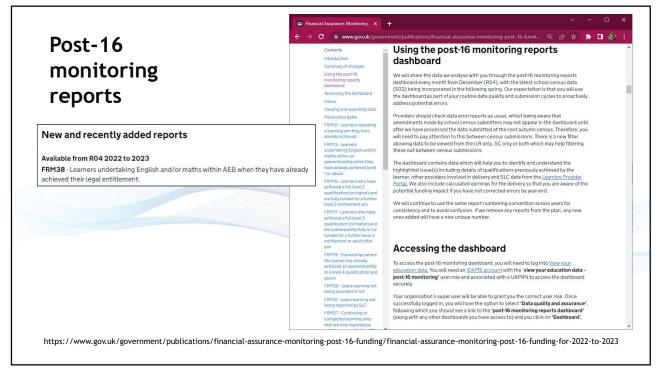


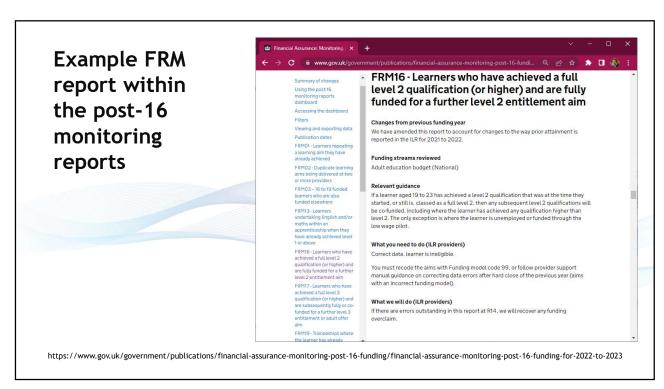


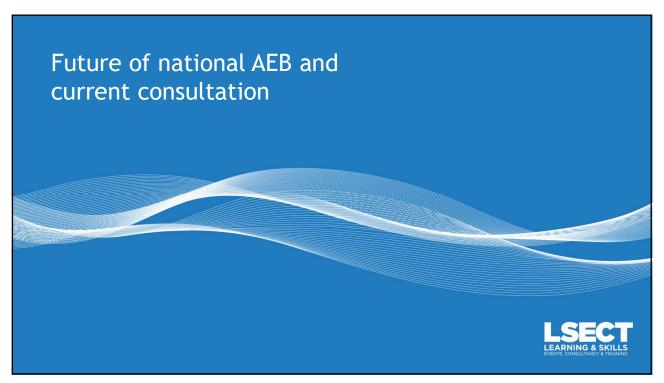












What changes for next year - maybe?

"Simplifying the funding system through a single Skills Fund starting in 2023/24. The new fund will include funding for Adult Education Budget (AEB) provision including Community Learning and Free Courses For Jobs (FCFJ) - Level 3 adult offer"

"Creating a new set of funding rates for adult skills to both simplify funding and boost funding for training in areas of greatest skills need"

"Introducing a multi-year approach to give both MCAs and providers more certainty" Department

Skills for jobs: implementing a new further education funding and accountability system

overnment consultation

Launch date 21 July 2022 Respond by 21 September 2022

https://consult.education.gov.uk/fe-funding/implementing-a-new-fe-funding-and-accountability-s/where the property of the pro

65

Simpler funding rates...

Really?

"These are set by awarding organisations"

Funding for Qualifications

- 64. Our first consultation proposed moving to a simpler funding formula for provision which the DTE funds direct. For qualifications, this would comprise a simpler set of funding rates which reflected the volume of training and then the cost and value of that provision with area costs applied on top. The majority of respondents agreed with a move to simpler funding rates as set out in the consultation. We also proposed removing the achievement element from the funding system.
- 65. We want to ensure that we design a simpler and more effective funding approach that can be used for ESFA-funded provision now, but also be used by areas with devolved responsibilities to fund their provision. The current funding matrix has variable underlying funding rates and does not incentivise skills training in those sectors of the economy with the greatest skills needs. This does not deliver on our objectives and therefore we will proceed with the introduction of a simpler set of funding rates. We will, however, retain the achievement factor. Removing this would weaken the focus on outcomes that we want to see.
- 66. Qualifications will be funded according to a new set of funding bands, each with its own funding rate. We propose having 5 funding bands: base, low, middle, high and specialist. The funding rate will be set on an hourly basis and use and one and of any individual course will then be calculated by multiplying this hourly funding rate by the Guided Learning Hours (GLH)¹ for that course. We propose setting relativities between the funding bands at broadly 20% intervals, with precise relativities and actual funding rates confirmed in the autumn alongside final assignment of Sector Subject Areas (SSAs) to funding

https://consult.education.gov.uk/fe-funding/implementing-a-new-fe-funding-and-accountability-s/disco

