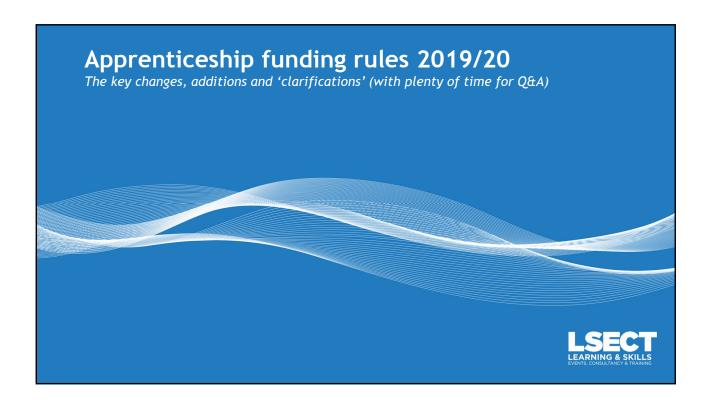


## Agenda

- 10.30 Apprenticeship funding rules 2019/20
- 11.50 Break for refreshments
- 12.05 Profiling framework and standard starts in 2019/20
- 13:00 Break for lunch
- 13.50 ILR data collection changes for 19/20 and future ESFA plans for the Apprenticeship System
- 14:50 Key tips for Ofsted inspection and ESFA audit in 2019/20
- 15.30 Workshop end



# Policy update published in March

"This document sets out the policy for apprenticeship funding in England from 1 April 2019. It updates the policy that has been in place since August 2018."

1. "From 1 April 2019 the rate of co-investment will be reduced to 5% for all new apprenticeship starts, with government funding of 95% provided to cover the remaining costs."



2. "From 1 April 2019 levy paying employers wishing to support apprenticeships in other businesses, can transfer up to 25% of the annual funding in their apprenticeship service account."

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/apprenticeship-funding

# Technical guide

This document sets out the details of the new apprenticeship funding system for new starts on or after 1 April 2019. It explains how we will calculate funding for organisations receiving funding from us.

### Includes scenarios - which may be useful

Scenario A - The employer and provider negotiate a new total price for the
programme
Scenario B – You retrospectively update the total price
Scenario C - The apprentice changes programme with the same provider 30
Scenario D - The employer chooses a new provider to deliver the
apprenticeship31
Scenario E - The apprentice moves to a new employer but remains on-
programme with the same provider
Scenario F - The apprentice takes a break in learning
Scenario G - The apprentice is made redundant and has more than 6 months of
the planned duration of the apprenticeship remaining
Scenario H - The apprentice is made redundant within 6 months of their planned
end date

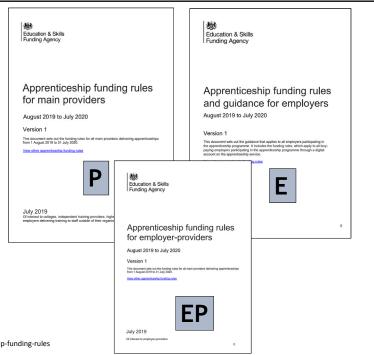
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/apprenticeship-technical-funding-guide





- Main providers
- Employer-providers
- Employers (levy paying)

Remember: if you are a training provider employing your own apprentices then the employer-provider rules will apply (no profit allowed)



### Clarification version came first

with 5 page summary of changes

We have identified the rules in the 2019 to 2020 funding rules clarification version that have changed from the 2018 to 2019 funding rules in the table below. The employer, employer-provider and provider paragraph numbers are denoted with the prefix E, EP or P respectively.

"We are issuing these funding rules as a clarification version in PDF to give you the opportunity to provide feedback on how we can make them clearer or better understood. Please email any suggestions to fundingrules.comments@education.gov.uk by Friday 12th July 2019. Following a review of any feedback we will issue a final version of the rules in July, in PDF and in our new manual format, to reflect any areas of clarification."



Apprenticeship funding rules August 2019 to July 2020

#### Summary of changes

#### Introduction

- This document sets out amendments to the following documents:
  - Apprenticeship funding rules and guidance for employers
- Apprenticeship funding rules for employer-provide August 2018 to July 2019 version 2
- August 2018 to July 2019 version 2
   Apprenticeship funding rules for training provider
- The funding rules form part of the terms and conditions for the use of funds in an employer's apprenticeship service account or for government-employer co-investmen You must read them in conjunction with your funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education (acting through the Education and Skills Funding Agency (the FSFA) an executive account of the Denathment for Education
- These rules will apply to all apprenticeship programmes starting on or after 1 August 2019, Unless otherwise stated, this includes both apprenticeship frameworks and etendentices.
- We have identified the rules in the 2019 to 2020 funding rules clarification version tha have changed from the 2018 to 2019 funding rules in the table below. The employer, employer-provider and provider paragraph numbers are denoted with the prefix E, EF or Proceedings.
- This document is intended as a summary and does not replace the funding rules themselves. You should refer to the main funding rules document for the definitive

Summary Note:

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/apprenticeship-funding-rules

# Next came 'summary of changes'

"The funding rules form part of the terms and conditions for the use of funds in an employer's apprenticeship service account or for government-employer co-investment. You must read them in conjunction with your funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education (acting through the Education and Skills Funding Agency (the ESFA), an executive agency of the Department for Education)."

"These rules will apply to all apprenticeship programmes starting on or after 1 August 2019. Unless otherwise stated, this includes both apprenticeship frameworks and standards."



Apprenticeship funding rules August 2019 to July 2020

#### Summary of changes

#### Introduction

- . This document sets out amendments to the following documents:
- August 2018 to July 2019 version 2

  August 2018 to July 2019 version 2

  Apprenticeship funding rules for employer-providers
- Apprenticeship funding rules for employer-providers August 2018 to July 2019 version 2
- August 2018 to July 2019 version 2

  The funding rules form part of the terms and conditions for the use of fu
- employer's apprenticeship service account or for government-employer co-investmen You must read them in conjunction with your funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education (acting through the Education and Skills Funding Agency (the ESFA), an executive agency of the Department for Education).
- These rules will apply to all apprenticeship programmes starting on or after 1 Augus 2019. Unless otherwise stated, this includes both apprenticeship frameworks and
- 4. We have identified the rules in the 2019 to 2020 funding rules clarification version that have changed from the 2018 to 2019 funding rules in the table below. The employer, employer-provider and provider paragraph numbers are denoted with the prefix E, EP or P respectively.
- This document is intended as a summary and does not replace the funding rules themselves. You should refer to the main funding rules document for the definitive

### **New rules**

"Apprenticeship delivery must not take place without approval from an associated regulatory body where this is needed. The funding rules have been updated to reflect that some occupations require the training provider to be approved by a regulatory body before being able to deliver apprenticeships."

"The number of planned off-the-job training hours, for the full apprenticeship, must be documented on the apprenticeship agreement, the commitment statement and the individualised learner record."

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/apprenticeship-funding-rules

### New rule

"The rule on funding for concurrent programmes has been expanded and moved into "individuals who are not eligible for funding". The rule has also been expanded to allow an individual to attract funding for an apprenticeship and some AEB funded provision concurrently."

P79 To use funds in the employer's apprenticeship service account or governmentemployer co-investment, the individual must not:

**P79.1** be undertaking another apprenticeship;

P79.2 be undertaking training funded through AEB, where that training will:

P79.2.1 replicate vocational and other learning aims covered by the apprenticeship standard or framework, including English and maths:

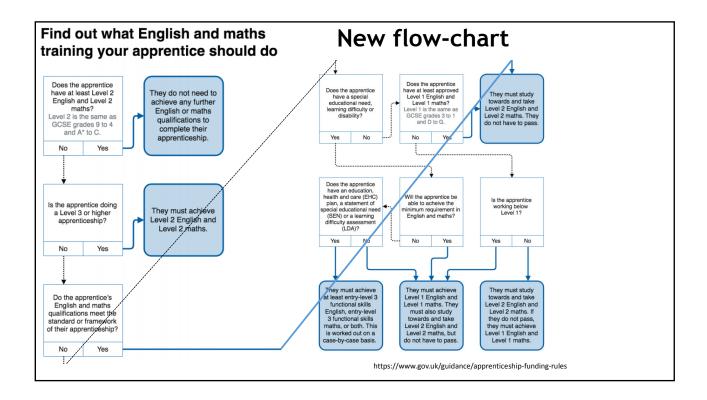
P79.2.2 offer career related training that conflicts with the apprenticeship aims; or

P79.2.3 be taking place during working hours. Where an apprentice has more than one job, working hours refers to the hours of the job the apprenticeship is linked to.

P79.3 be in receipt of any other direct DfE funding during their apprenticeship programme; this includes any other DfE funded FE/HE programme including programmes funded by a student loan, but excludes funding outlined in

**P79.4** undertake any part of an apprenticeship whilst on a sandwich placement as part of a degree programme.

**P80** As an exception to P79, an individual may commence an apprenticeship, and attract funding, where they have less than four weeks to completion of an existing Government/DfE/DWP funded course.



### Contracting and subcontracting

#### New for 1 August 2019:

- P170, P179, P180.8, P190 New Rules: A statement of expectations is required when working with subcontractors
- P172- New Rule: Updated to show the types of delivery subcontractors that can be used
- P193 to P195 Change to existing rule: Updated to reflect RoATP conditions

**P190** Your contract must make a clear reference to the up-to-date written agreement you have in place with each employer and include a breakdown of all the agreed services and costs.

P179 You must clearly describe to each employer and potential subcontractor, before each subcontracting relationship is agreed the reason for subcontracting and all services you will provide and the associated costs when doing so. This must include a list of specific costs for managing the subcontractor; specific costs for quality monitoring activities and specific costs for any other support activities offered by you to the subcontractor. All of these costs must be individually itemised and describe how each cost contributes to delivering high quality training. You must also explain how such costs are reasonable and proportionate to delivery of the subcontracted apprenticeship training.

**P180.8** A detailed description of how the funding retained for each activity detailed contributes to delivering high quality training and how the funding retained is reasonable and proportionate to delivery of the apprenticeship training described.

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/apprenticeship-funding-rules

**P172** You must only use delivery subcontractors that satisfy one of the following two criteria:

- .1 they are on the published Register of Apprenticeship Training Providers and have applied by the main or supporting application routes; or
- .2 they are either the apprentice's employer, a connected company or charity as defined by HMRC and are on the published Register of Apprenticeship Training Providers, having applied through the employer-provider application route.

P193 Delivery subcontractors who have successfully applied to the supporting application route of the Register of Apprenticeship Training Providers must not receive more than £500,000, or £100,000 if the delivery subcontractor is identified as new, of apprenticeship funding for their delivery from 1 April to 31 March each year.

**P194** You must ensure that you are not one of a number of organisations making payments to any supporting provider that exceed £500,000, or £100,000 if the delivery subcontractor is identified as new, in any one year. We will place restrictions on your future use of delivery subcontractors if this happens.

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/apprenticeship-funding-rules

# Already been some ESFA back-tracking

"ESFA recognises that subcontracting has an important role to play in delivering quality learning to apprentices and adult learners. In recent years, we have strengthened our funding rules on subcontracting and we are continuing to do so. We expect providers to maximise the amount of funding that reaches front line delivery of high-quality learning."

ESFA will, ready for delivery from 1 August 2019:

- revise funding rules and associated compliance measures to incorporate the requirements set out above
- · implement a risk-based approach for monitoring these rules
- impose compliance measures when appropriate

These expectations will be reviewed in 18 months.

The implementation of the revisions to the AEB and apprenticeship funding rules will apply to new learner, or apprentice starts from 1 August 2019. We realise there should be an implementation period to allow providers to adjust to the changes and to revise their contracts with their subcontractors. The implementation period of the revised rules will apply as follows:

- From 1 August 2019 for new learner and apprentice starts where a new subcontract is yet to be agreed and entered into, and
- By 30 November 2019 for new learner and apprentice starts where revised subcontracts are required

This means that from 1 December 2019, these revised subcontracting rules apply to all new learner or apprentice starts

# The 'token' para has not changed...

P167 At the outset of each apprenticeship, a main provider and employer will agree a plan for its delivery. You must directly deliver some of the apprenticeship training and/or on-programme assessment associated with each employer's apprenticeship programme. By apprenticeship programme we mean the apprentices that are being trained for the employer that has chosen you. The volume of training and/or on programme assessment that you directly deliver for each employer must have some substance and must not be a token amount to satisfy this rule. It must not be limited to a brief input at the start of each employer's programme or involve delivery to just a few of a large number of apprentices.

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/apprenticeship-funding-rules

# Completely new EPA paras (3 months a new rule?)

- P155 The employer in consultation with the main provider must ensure that the apprentice is prepared and understands the end-point assessment process. Engaging the end-point assessment organisation can be at any time, but to ensure timely delivery of the end-point assessment no less than 3 months' notice that the apprentice will be ready for the end-point assessment should be given. As part of this process all information required for the end-point assessment should be ready to present to the end-point-assessment-organisation for the gateway.
- **P157** At least 3 months before the apprentice reaches the gateway the employer must have:
  - P157.1 selected an organisation from the Register of End-Point Assessment Organisations (RoEPAO) to deliver the end-point assessment;
  - **P157.2** negotiated a price with the end-point assessment organisation. Only those organisations listed on the RoEPAO will be eligible to be funded.
- P158 You are required to complete the ILR field for the assessment price and end point assessment organisation identifier as soon as the price and end point assessment organisation is agreed with the employer. These fields should not be completed prior to this.

  https://www.gov.uk/guidance/apprenticeship-funding-rules

# Off-the-job change or clarification?

2018/19 rules: "Off-the-job training is training received by the apprentice, during the apprentice's <u>paid hours</u>, for the purpose of achieving their apprenticeship"

2019/20 rules: "Off-the-job training is training which is received by the apprentice, during the apprentice's <u>normal working hours</u>...."

2018/19 rules: "Off-the-job training does not include training which takes place outside the apprentice's paid hours."

2019/20 rules: "Off-the-job training does not include training which takes place outside the apprentice's normal working hours."

2018/19 rules: "To attract government funding at least 20% of the apprentice's paid hours..."

2019/20 rules: "To be eligible for government funding at least 20% of the apprentice's <u>normal</u> working hours..."

This appears to rule out studying in evening and getting time off during the day

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/apprenticeship-funding-rules

# Break in learning 'clarification'

- P250 The apprentice may take a break in learning where they plan to return to the same apprenticeship programme. The decision to take a break in learning, the reason for the break and its expected duration must be agreed with the employer. This could include medical treatment, parental leave or leave for other personal reasons.. You must record breaks in learning on the ILR and re-plan the delivery of any remaining training and/or assessment following a break, if required. The employer should revise the apprenticeship agreement if required. A break in learning should not be recorded:
  - **P250.1** For annual leave, public holidays and short-term absence (up to 4 weeks);
  - P250.2 When employment or an apprenticeship agreement has ended (redundancy, resignation, dismissal or any other action by the apprentice or the employer that results in the apprenticeship agreement ending). Where an apprentice has been made redundant you should refer to the redundancy section in the rules (see paragraphs P256 to P258).

# Notice this subtle restructure

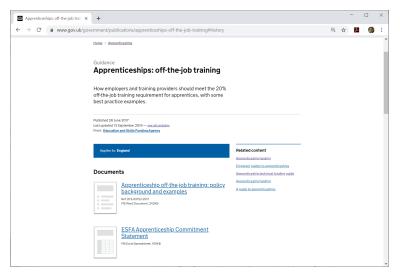
Recognition of prior learning and experience	<b>Restructure:</b> The sub-title of the section has been changed from "accounting for prior learning" to "recognition of prior learning and experience" to more accurately reflect the contents.			
	This section has also moved from the "paying for an apprenticeship" section to the "programme eligibility" section.			

ESFA audits likely to come down hard now on lack of checking and adjusting price for prior learning and experience

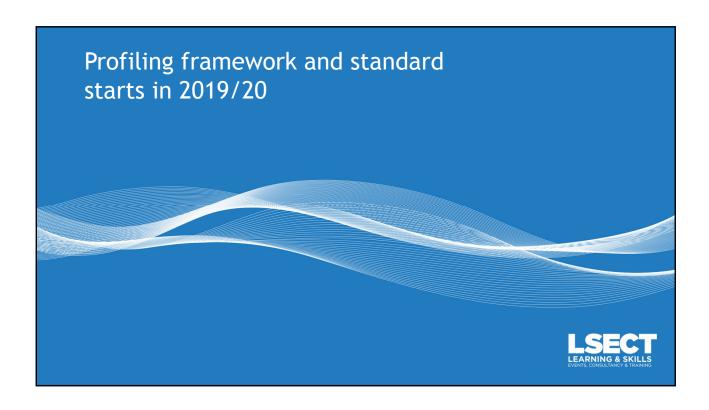
They should include training for pre-existing relevant prior learning and experience in the list of ineligible costs!

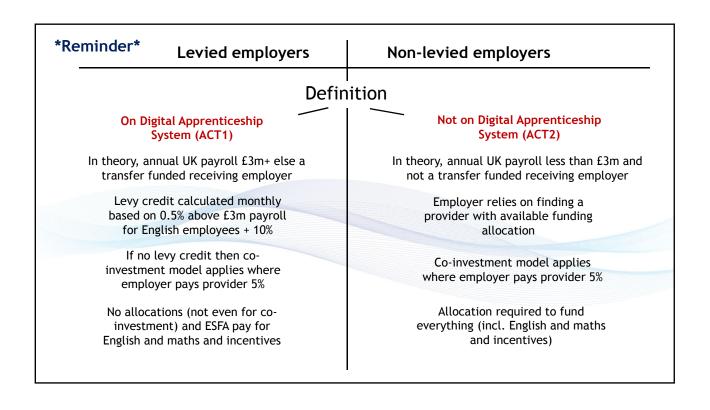
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/apprenticeship-funding-rules

# Off the job guidance updated this month



https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/apprenticeships-off-the-job-training#history





### \*Reminder\*

## Working out if employer should be levied or not

HMRC advice was that if employer payroll was £2.8m or more last year then they should register for paying the levy

The government will not identify which employers are levied. So you will have to do your own homework. Companies House and Charity Commission might be a good place to start.

For example, in etc venues accounts to June 2015 their payroll was £7m (all England)

(£7m x 0.005) - £15,000 = £20,000 £20,000 / 12 = £1,667 monthly tax £1,667 x 1 x 1.1 = £1,883 monthly credit £21,996 annual levy credit For example, BBC accounts say in 2015/16 their payroll was £990m (let's assume 80% for England)

(£990m x 0.005) - £15,000 = £4,935,000 £4,935,000 / 12 = £411,250 monthly tax £411,250 x 0.8 x 1.1 = £361,900 monthly credit £4,342,800 annual levy credit

If their monthly pot runs out they switch to 5% cash contribution in return for 95% SFA funding. Unused levy pots fund non-levied employers plus top-up, incentives, English & maths etc (is the theory)

### \*Reminder\*

# The funding bands

Meant to negotiate with employer but reducing for prior learning and experience is an actual funding rule

80% paid monthly with final 20% paid in last month on completion of the framework or EPA (do not need to pass)

For starts from	For starts from 1 August 2018		and 31 July 2018			
Band Number	Band Maximum	Band Number	Band Maximum			
1	£1,500	1	£1,500			
2	£2,000	2	£2,000			
3	£2,500	3	£2,500			
4	£3,000	4	£3,000			
5	£3,500	5	£3,500			
6	£4,000	6	£4,000			
7	£4,500	7	CE 000			
8	£5,000	/	£5,000			
9	£6,000	8	£6,000			
10	£7,000					
11	£8,000	9	£9,000			
12	£9,000		,			
13	£10,000					
14	£11,000	10	£12,000			
15	£12,000					
16	£13,000		£15,000			
17	£14,000	11				
18	£15,000					
19	£16,000		£18,000			
20	£17,000	12				
21	£18,000					
22	£19,000					
23	£20,000	13	£21,000			
24	£21,000					
25	£22,000					
26	£23,000	14	£24,000			
27	£24,000					
28	£25,000					
29	£26,000	15	£27,000			
30	£27,000		,			

For starts between 1 May 2017

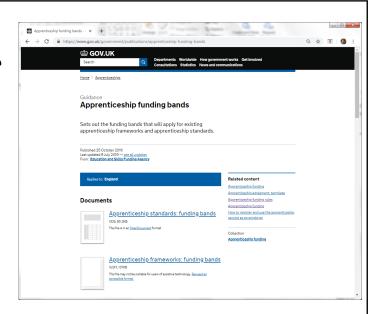


https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/apprenticeship-technical-funding-guide

# Can only know band if you know start date

Band spreadsheet fine for frameworks, if fundable...check dates in LARS

Band spreadsheet \*not reliable\* for standards given rate reviews...check dates and relevant band in LARS



https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/apprenticeship-funding-bands

### \*Reminder\*

Other funding factors (not funded by levy credit but would come out of non-levy allocation)

£1,000 employer incentive for 16-18s and 19-24s who have previously been in care or who have a Local Authority Education, Health and Care plan. Paid to employers in two equal instalments at 3 months and 12 months. This will be paid to the provider and must be passed on to the employer within 30 working days

£1,000 provider incentive for 16-18s and 19-24s who have previously been in care or who have a Local Authority Education, Health and Care plan (plus for one year an extra 20 per cent of the upper limit for frameworks). Paid to providers in two equal instalments at day 90 (3 months) and day 365 (12 months).

£1000 for care leavers, paid to provider 60 days from start and must be paid in full to apprentice within 30 days.

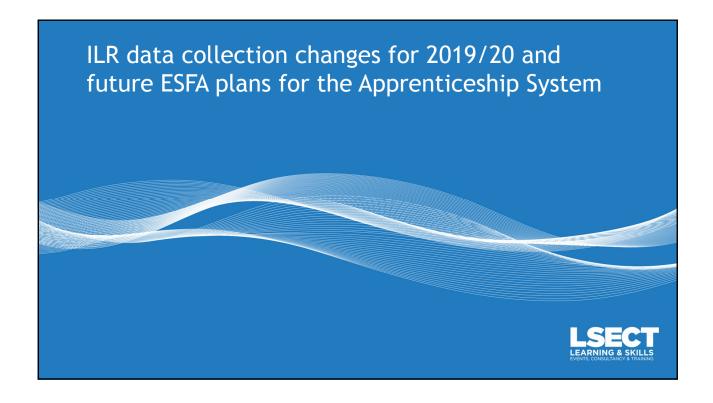
No levy or employer contribution for 16-18s and 19-24s who have previously been in care or who have a Local Authority Education, Health and Care plan at employers with fewer than 50 staff

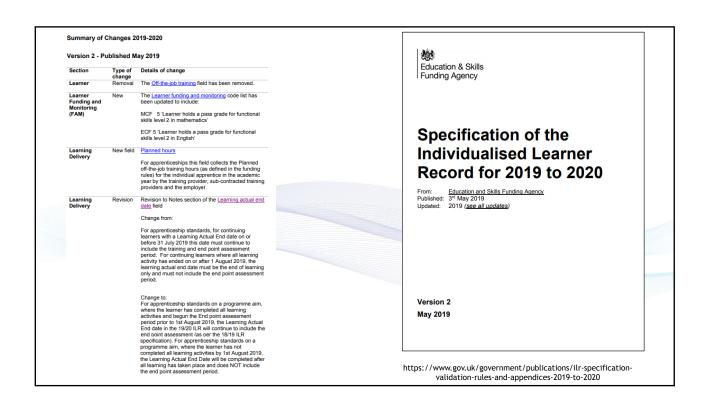
For additional learning support the SFA will pay providers up to £150 a month, plus additional costs based on evidenced need

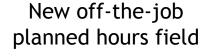
Additional provider payments for apprentices who live in the top 27% deprived areas. £600 for top 10% of deprived areas, £300 for next 10% range and £200 for the next 7% range

English and maths at level 1 and 2 funded directly by the SFA at £471 for each qualification (no separate funding for ICT)

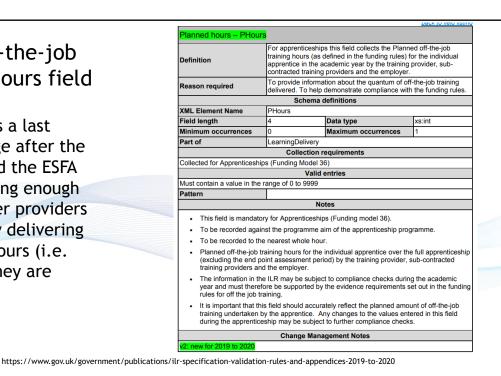
Demo of my apprenticeship funding calculator - 2019/20 edition







This comes as a last minute change after the NAO criticised the ESFA for not knowing enough about whether providers were actually delivering off-the-job hours (i.e. doing what they are paid to do)



# Change to definition of planned end date

For new starts from 1 August this should not include the EPA period (so date should be the last day of the practical period / training / last hour of off-the-job time)

Definition	The date t	The date by which the provider and learner plan to complete the learning			
Definition		related to this learning aim.			
Reason required		To calculate expected learning delivery periods and to calculate funding			
	_	Schema definitions			
XML Element Name	LearnPlan				
Field length	10	Data type	xs:date		
Minimum occurrences	1	Maximum occurrence	s 1		
Part of	LearningD				
	Co	ollection requirements			
Collected for all aims					
		Valid entries			
A valid date, using the date p	attern YYYY-	-MM-DD			
Pattern					
		Notes			
		ng aim must be entered in this field and must not be changed. It is not e			
<ul> <li>The planned end date rates to match data from</li> </ul>		the same between teaching years to the next.	as it is used in success		
		eyond the date planned at the start actual end date field and the learni			
	thorough ass	ealistically based on historic perform essment of the learner at initial asson.			
end point assessmen	t period for co st only include	Learning planned end date must in ontinuing learners. For new starts on the learning related to the learning the learning related to the learning related to the learning the learning related to the learning the learning related to the learning the le	on or after August 2019, th		

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/ilr-specification-validation-rules-and-appendices-2019-to-2020

# Change to definition of actual end date

For end-pointassessments taking place after 1 August 2019 the actual end date should be the last day of learning (practical period) - so exclude the EPA time

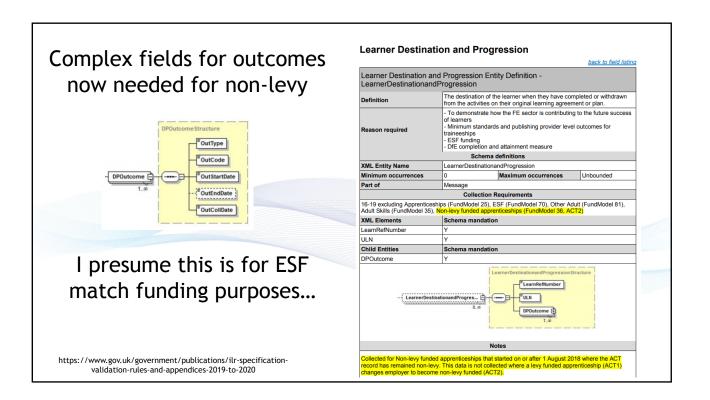
	Learning Actual End Date	te - LearnActEn	dDate		
definition	The date that the learner completed the learning activities necessary to achieve the learning aim or the date the learner withdrew from the learning activities, accurate to within a week.				
end date	To monitor the time taken to complete the learning activities making up the learning aim compared to the expected time. To inform funding calculations, including framework achievements.				
		Schema definitions			
	XML Element Name	LearnActEndDate			
	Field length	10	Data type	xs:date	
	Minimum occurrences	0	Maximum occurrences	1	
•	Part of	LearningDelivery			
aking	Collected for all aims	Collection	requirements		
•	Collected for all allfis	Valid	l entries		
August	A valid date, using the date pattern YYYY-MM-DD				
	Pattern				
ial end		N	otes		
e the last	This field must be completed for all learning and programme aims once the completion status has been changed from continuing.  It is sufficient for the date held in this field to be accurate to within a week, providing that any approximation does not result in a learner being wrongly included or excluded in the funding calculations.				
ng					
riod) - so	<ul> <li>For programme aims, this field</li> </ul>	he Learning actual e	nd date of the whole programm	e must be recorded in	
PA time	<ul> <li>For apprenticeship standards, for continuing learners with a Learning Actual End date on or before 31-July 2019 this date must continue to include the training and end point assessment period. For continuing learners where all learning activity has ended on or after 1 August 2019, the learning actual end date must be the end of learning only and must not include the end point assessment period.</li> </ul>				
	activities and begun the Actual End date in the 18/19 ILR specification has not completed all le	e End point assessm 19/20 ILR will continu ). For apprenticeship earning activities by	me aim, where the learner has ent period prior to 1st August 2 ue to include the end point asse standards on a programme ai lst August 2019, the Learning / and does NOT include the end	019, the Learning essment (as per the m, where the learner Actual End Date will be	
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/ilr-sp	pecification-validation-ru	ules-and-appen	dices-2019-to-2020	,	

# Achievement date now needed

"For continuing learners where all learning activities have ended and the end point assessment has taken place on or after 1 August 2019. This field will be used to record the end of the apprenticeship standard. This date concludes the End point assessment period that has taken place on or after 1 August 2019. Once this date is returned the Completion status and associated Outcome must be updated accordingly."

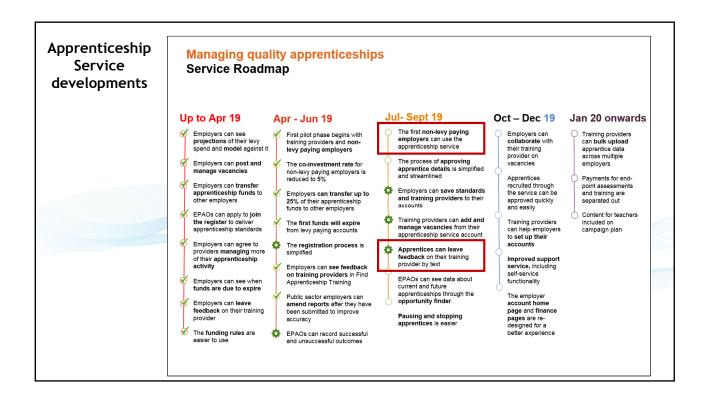
Definition	The date the learner.	The date the learning aim or programme aim was achieved by the learner.			
Reason required		Payment of Adult Skills achievement payments for traineeships and apprenticeship funded through the trailblazer funding model.			
	Sc	chema definitions			
XML Element Name	AchDate				
Field length	10	Data type	xs:date		
Minimum occurrences	0	Maximum occurrences	1		
Part of	LearningDel	ivery			
	Coll	ection requirements			
Aim Type 1 Trailblazer apprenticeships (FundModel 81, ProgType 25), Traineeships (ProgType 24), Apprenticeship Standards (FundModel 36, ProgType 25					
		Valid entries			
A valid date, using the date	pattern YYYY-M	M-DD			
Pattern					
		Notes			
Collected for Apprenticeship Standards (FundModel 36, ProgType 25)					
<ul> <li>For continuing learners where all learning activities have ended and the end point assessment has taken place on or after 1 August 2019.</li> </ul>					

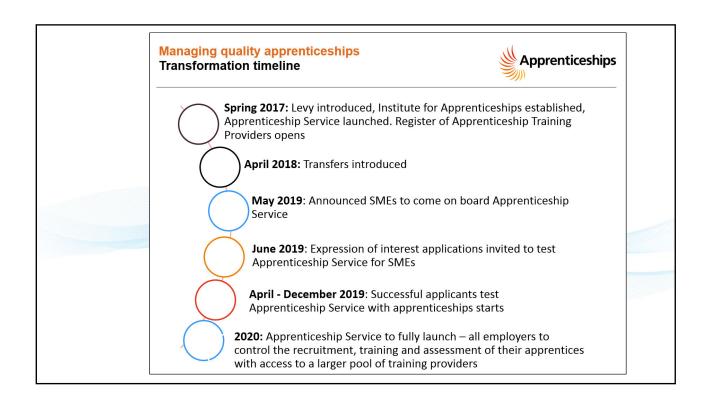
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/ilr-specification-validation-rules-and-appendices-2019-to-2020

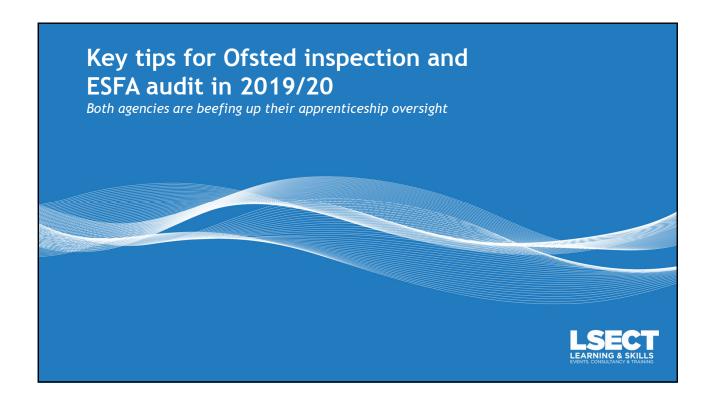


# 'Clarification' from funding rules

"Where you and the employer do not know the details of the endpoint assessment organisation at the start of the apprenticeship, you must enter the price for end-point assessment once this has been confirmed. This field in the ILR should be left blank until the price of the end-point assessment has been confirmed"



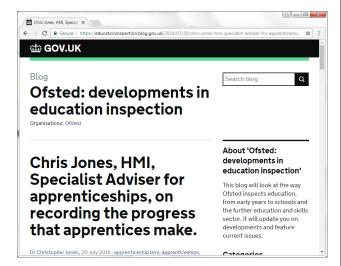




## Ofsted blog (1 of 3)

"Because most apprenticeship standards have no qualifications, inspectors and providers must be clear about the different ways of measuring achievement. As inspectors, we need to consider what these changes mean for inspection practice."

- > Set a baseline
- Record progress



https://educationinspection.blog.gov.uk/2018/07/20/chris-jones-hmi-specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/

# Ofsted blog (2 of 3)

"Providers need to evaluate what apprentices know about, and can do, when they start their apprenticeship. They need to measure the apprentice's progress against the knowledge, skills and behaviours set out in the standard and assessment plan. We see providers asking apprentices to note their occupational knowledge, experience and their level of confidence as they start their apprenticeship, followed by a skills test in English and mathematics.

This approach sets a **'baseline'** for providers, employers and apprentices. How well apprentices gain knowledge and develop and improve skills all indicates progress. This helps to show that apprentices improve over time."

https://education in spection.blog.gov.uk/2018/07/20/chris-jones-hmi-special ist-adviser-for-apprentices hips-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/special ist-adviser-for-apprentices-make/special ist-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-for-adviser-

## Ofsted blog (3 of 3)

"For example, what should an apprentice know about or do by their first progress review? What differences do we expect to see at the second review? What skills must apprentices show by the last review and before the end-point assessment?

"Providers will need to check how they **record progress**. If the tools and software they use only focus on qualifications, they may need to find other methods to measure evidence of the standard specific knowledge, skills and behaviours."

https://education in spection. blog. gov.uk/2018/07/20/chris-jones-hmi-specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprenticeships-on-recording-the-progress-that-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprentices-make/specialist-adviser-for-apprentices-for-apprentic

## New inspection framework (EIF) from September 2019

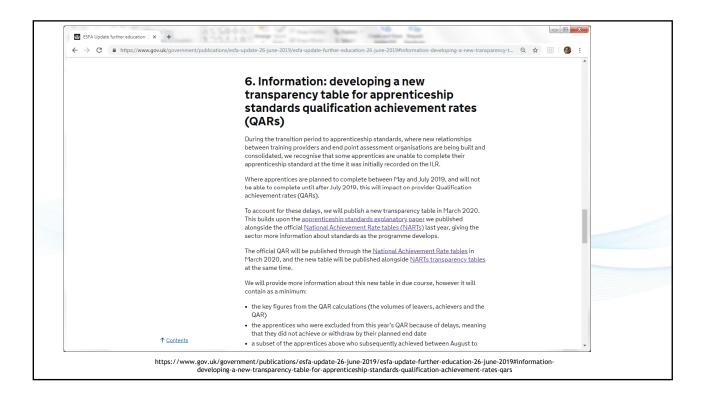
## What aspects do we consider?

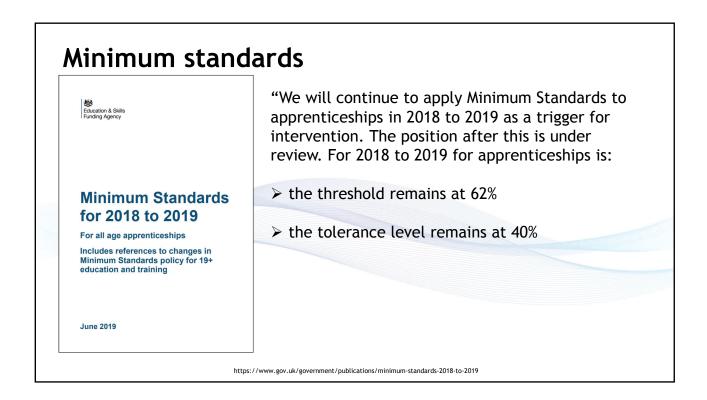


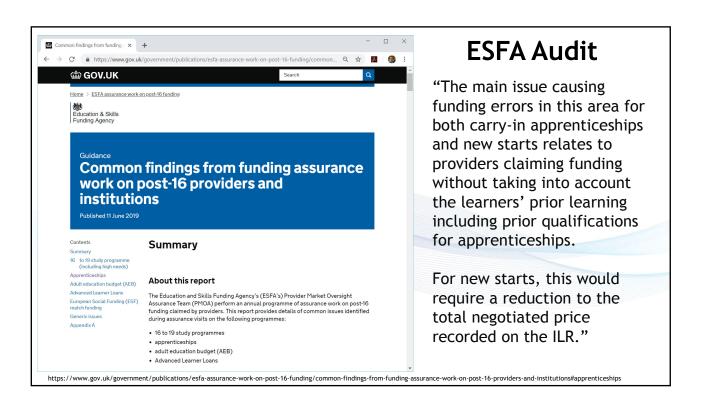
- We are clear that we need to take a rounded view of the quality of education offered by providers.
- The curriculum is at the core, recognising the close connection between curricular content and the way this content is sequenced, taught and assessed to support students to build their knowledge and to apply that knowledge.
- We remain very interested in learners' wider development including the attitudes and behaviours they bring to the classroom and the workplace.
- Providers' leadership and management remain key areas of consideration.

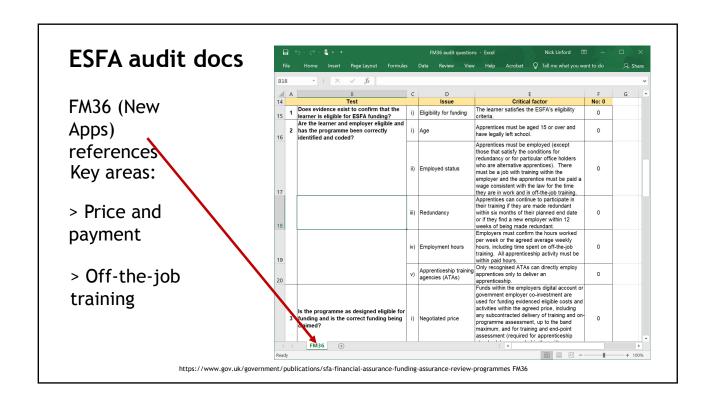
Education Inspection Framework 2019

Slide 36









# **ESFA audit** Price and payment

### 3i) Negotiated price

"Funds within the employers digital account or government employer co-investment are used for funding evidenced eligible costs and activities within the agreed price, including any subcontracted delivery of training and on-programme assessment, up to the band maximum, and for training and end-point assessment (required for apprenticeship standards) as recorded in the written agreement."

### 8i) Payment of employer co-investment

"The employer co-investment recorded in the ILR is evidenced by a transfer of funding visible in the provider's (or subcontractor's) financial systems; this will typically be in the form of a provider invoice and corresponding employer payment for a provider. For an employer-providers, they must evidence how the costs are calculated."

 $https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/sfa-financial-assurance-funding-assurance-review-programmes\ FM36$ 

## **ESFA audit** Off-the-job training

### 2iii) Employment hours

Employers must confirm the hours worked per week or the agreed average weekly hours, including time spent on off-the-job training. All apprenticeship activity must be within paid hours.

## 3xi) Off-the-job training

"The evidence pack must contain details of how the 20% off the job training will be quantified and delivered."

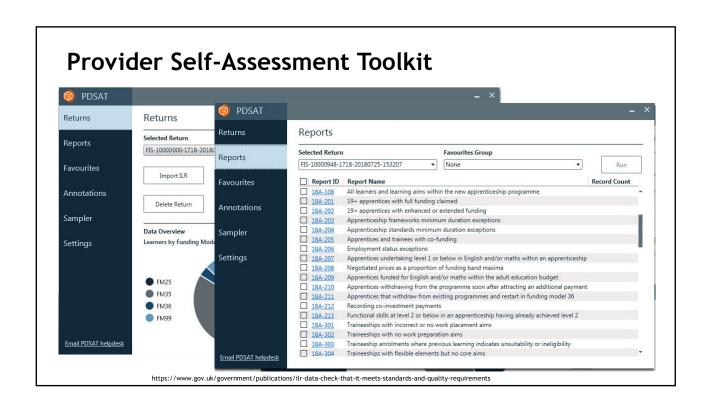
### 6ii) Learning activity

"The learner's continued participation in learning (including English and maths) is confirmed by evidence of learning activity from the start date of each aim up to the learning actual end date or to date, as applicable."

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/sfa-financial-assurance-funding-assurance-review-programmes FM36

Four strands to evidence requirement:

- 1. Calculated
- 2. Timetabled
- 3. Monitoring delivery of timetable
- 4. Was 20% threshold met at point of entry into Gateway or end of framework



## Use the ESFA audit software (PDSAT) before an auditor

PDSAT Report 19A-211 "Allows analysis of negotiated prices to check for disproportionately high numbers of apprenticeships at or above their respective funding band maximum."

Total negotiated price as proportion of funding band maximum (%)	Count of learners			
> 150%	5			
141% to 150%	4			
131% to 140%	5			
121% to 130%	1			
111% to 120%	3			
101% to 110%	2			
100%	2,276			
90% to 99%	129			
80% to 89%	118			
70% to 79%	16			
60% to 69%	11			
50% to 59%	10			
< 50%	10			

## Use the ESFA audit software (PDSAT) before an auditor

PDSAT Report 19A-213 Apprenticeship price and start count by duration bands

"Where providers deliver the same apprenticeship programme at the same price, similar planned durations would be expected. Providers should be able to justify any wide variations in planned durations for delivery of the same apprenticeship programmes."

Apprenticeship name	Total negotiated price	Up to 372 days	Greater than 372 days and up to 18 months		Greater than 24 months and up to 30 months	Greater than 30 months and up to 36 months	Greater than 36 months
<b>.</b>	▼	F	-	v	<b>v</b>	·	-
Hair Professional	£9,000.00	6	34	26	57	0	0

